# Course Description Introduction to Neuroscience

## Aim of the course

#### Aim of the course:

The main objective of the course is to give an overview on the basic methods, shared disciplinary concepts and current theoretical models of Neuroscience, as a timely and developing mulidisciplinary approach in understanding our brain.

## Learning outcome, competences

knowledge:

- Psychopysiological, Neuroscience and Neuroanatomy concepts
- Current methods and main objectives in Neuroscience
- Basics in Neuroanatomy

## attitude:

• Utilisation of knowledge in scientific communication, presentation

## skills:

- Skills af applying main methods
- Skills of identifying related neurological and neuroanatomical structures of psychological functions

# Content of the course

Topics of the course In modular structure, covering the following fields of research

#### Psychophysiology Dr. Molnár Márk, 5x3 hours

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•	Methods in neuroscience	6 hours
•	Psychopharmacology	3 hours
•	Wakefulness, sleeping and attention regulation	2 hours
•	Affetive processes, stress	2 hours
٠	Learning and memory	2 hours
		15 hours

## The neuroscience of main psychological functions Dr. Honbolygó Ferenc 3x1,5 hours

- Perception
- Object perception
- Attention

# Affective Neuroscience Dr.Cserjési Renáta 3x 1,5 hours

Physiological needs and brain regulation

- Psychology and physiology of Pain
- Neuronal basis of social perception and empathy

Introduction to Neurology and Neuroanatomy Dr. Jakab György 3x3 hours or 6x1,5 hours

Idegtudományi módszerek és a tudatosság Dr. Nádasdy Zoltán 2x3 óra

- Neural coding 1x1,5
- Consciousness 1x1,5
- Computational methods in neuroscience 1x3

#### Learning activities, learning methods

Lectures and interactive discussions

#### Evaluation of outcomes

Learning requirements, mode of evaluation, criteria of evaluation: requirements

• Reliable basic knowledge in the domain of neuroscience and neuroanatomy

mode of evaluation: written exam

criteria of evaluation:

• Knowledge on basic concepts and the skill of utilizing the modells of neuroscience adequately

Reading list		
<b>Psychophysiology:</b>		
Mandatory radings:		

- Neil R. Carson: Foundations of Physiological Psychology, Allyn and Bacon, 1999
- John T. Cacioppo: Handbook of Psychophysiology, Cambridge Univ Press, 2007
- Jerry W. Rudy: The Neurobiology of Learning and Memory, *Sinauer Associates, Inc. Publishers, 2008*
- Kenneth Hughdal: Psychophysiology, Harvard Univ. Press, 2001

#### **Consciousness:**

Mandatory Reading list:

• Koch C, Massimini M, Boly M, Tononi G. (2016) Neural correlates of consciousness: progress and problems. Nat Rev Neurosci. 17(5):307-21. doi: 10.1038/nrn.2016.22.

Recommended:

• Cohen MA, Dennett DC (2011) Consciousness cannot be separated from function. Trends Cogn Sci. 15(8):358-64. doi: 10.1016/j.tics.2011.06.008.

## Neural coding:

## Mandatory Reading list:

• John von Neumann Neumann The Computer and the Brain (The Silliman Memorial

Lectures Series)

Recommended:

• Engel AK, Singer W. (2001) Temporal binding and the neural correlates of sensory awareness, Trends Cogn Sci. 5(1):16-25. PMID: 11164732

# Computational methods in neuroscience

Mandatory Reading list:

Stiefel KM, Ermentrout GB. (2016) NEURONS AS OSCILLATORS. J Neurophysiol. jn.00525.2015. doi: 10.1152/jn.00525.2015.

Recommended:

- Peter Dayan: Theoretical neuroscience (Computational and Mathematical Modeling of Neural Systems)
- Rieke F Warland D, van Steveninck R, Bialek W: Spikes: Exploring the Neural Code (Computational Neuroscience)